East, Section 12 in the vicinity of the Tom, Dick & Harry Lakes.

26

5

6

7

8 9

10

11 12

13 14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21 22

23

24

25

The Forest Practices application which forms a basis for this appeal, FP No. 1914709, proposes to harvest approximately 85% of a 20-acre parcel (Exhibit R-1).

II.

The appeal raises two predominant issues. One relates to spotted owls and the other relates to recreational enjoyment.

III.

On or about March 5, 1991, the Department of Natural Resources issued a memo from Art Stearns, Supervisor of the Department of Natural Resources, to Regional Managers entitled "Spotted Owl Memo 3" ("Owl Memo #3") (Exhibit R-8). Owl Memo #3 sets forth the quidelines for interpreting the language "lands known to contain a breeding pair or the nest or breeding grounds" of federally threatened or endangered species as that phrase is used in emergency rule WAC 222-16-050(1)(b)(i) with regard to the Northern Spotted Owl ("Spotted Owl"). (<u>See</u> Conclusion of Law I.)

IV.

Owl Memo #3 provides that where an application proposes to harvest or modify spotted owl habitat within 1.8 miles (in the Northern Cascade Range) of a spotted owl nest, or site center of a pair or territorial single as recorded in Washington Department of Wildlife spotted owl data base, the application must be classified as a Class IV-Special, pursuant to WAC 222-16-050(1) (Exhibit R-10).

3

4

5 6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13 14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

In this case, a single territorial, individual owl was sighted approximately one-half mile beyond 1.8 miles of the proposed forest practices area. (Exhibit R-11.) The Department was unaware of the location of this single territorial owl when it received and approved the subject application.

VI.

The Department classified the subject application as a Class III forest practice using the Owl Memo #3 interpretation of emergency rule WAC 222-16-050(1)(b)(i).

VII.

Using Owl Memo #3 as a biological guide, the proposed forest practices for this particular site do not pose a potential for adverse impact on the spotted owl.

VIII.

Turning to recreational issues, the application proposes harvest on 20 acres which is not, in our view, a large site. The 20 acres is located on a slope that is over the rim of a plateau where Tom, Dick & Harry Lakes are located. The 20-acre parcel is surrounded by a large area of federally owned and managed forest.

IX.

Respondents Custom Communities Corporation and the Department of Natural Resources stipulate that the application does not propose to cut within 50 feet of the southeastern-most

lake contained on the plateau and within the area of the Tom, 2 Dick & Harry Lakes. 3 Χ. 4 Because of the particular geographic and topographic 5 features of the 20-acre site proposed in this application, there will not be a significant impact on the recreational enjoyment 7 to those visiting the Tom, Dick & Harry Lakes area. 8 XI. Any Finding of Fact which is deemed a Conclusion of Law is hereby adopted as such. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW 12 Τ. Emergency Rule WAC 222-16-050(1) provides in pertinent part: Application to conduct forest practices involving the following circumstances requires an environmental checklist in compliance with the State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA), and SEPA guidelines, as they have been determined to have potential for a substantial impact on the environment. It may be determined that additional information or a detailed environmental statement is required before these forest practices may be conducted. (b) Harvesting, road construction, site preparation or aerial application of pesticides: (i) On lands known to contain a breeding pair of the nest or breeding grounds of any threatened of endangered species; or (ii) Within the critical habitat designated for such species by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service.

9

10

11

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

WSR 92-06-04.

Owl Memo #3 represents a reasonable interpretation of "lands known to contain a breeding pair or the nest or breeding grounds" of federally threatened or endangered species as used in emergency rule WAC 222-16-050(1)(b)(i) as applied to the spotted owl in this case.

III.

The Department of Natural Resources has the obligation to evaluate the impacts of forest practices on adjacent lands even though impacts are falling on lands that are not under the jurisdiction of the Department of Natural Resources. It has long been established that agencies cannot confine their evaluation of environmental effects to the scope of their jurisdiction. Calvert Cliffs Coordinating Committee v. Atomic Energy Commission, 146 U.S. App. D.C. 33, 449 F.2d 1109 (1970); SAVE v. Bothell, 89 Wn.2d 862, 871-872, 576 P.2d 401 (1978). The Department cannot only look to the four corners of the application in determining what constitutes its environmental impact.

IV.

Looking at the sum total of the proposed forest practices for this 20-acre parcel, and the stipulation by respondent Custom Communities Corporation, we conclude that the impacts on recreation in the area is not great. In addition, using Owl Memo #3 as a biological guide, we conclude that the proposed

23

24

25

26

forest practices at this site do not present a potential for substantial impact to the spotted owl in this area.

v.

The forest practices for this particular site do not raise a potential for substantial environmental impact. However, the Board cautions that had this application proposed harvest on a different type of terrain, visible from other places, this Board may have reached a different result.

VI.

This Board has jurisdiction to review the validity of rules as applied to the granting or denying of specific forest practice approvals. Snohomish County, et al. v. Department of Natural Resources, et al., FPAB Nos. 89-12 & 89-13. See D/O Center v. Department of Ecology, 119 Wn.2d 761, P.2d (1992).

VII.

Because the forest practices at issue in this case do not have the potential for a substantial impact on the environment, emergency rule WAC 222-16-050(1) as applied in this case is valid. The application was properly classified by the Department as Class III and it is therefore exempt from SEPA.

RCW 43.21C.037.

VIII.

Any Conclusion of Law which is deemed to be a Finding of Fact 1s hereby adopted as such.

FINDINGS, CONCLUSION & ORDER - 7

From these Conclusions of Law, the Board enters the 2 following: 3 ORDER The approval of the Department of Natural Resources of 5 Forest Practices Application No. 1914709 is hereby affirmed with the addition of the following condition: as a condition to 6 approval of this application, respondents Department of Natural 7 Resources and Custom Communities Corporation shall not authorize 8 any harvest activities within 50 feet of the southeastern-most 9 lake on the plateau near the Tom, Dick & Harry lakes. 10 DONE at Lacey, Washington, this //* 11 12 1992. 13 14 WILLIAM A. HARRISON HONORABLE 15 Administrative Appeals Judge 16 17 FOREST PRACTICES APPEALS BOARD 18 19 WINN, Member 20 21 22 DR. MARTIN R. KAATZ, Member 23 24 25

26

Presented by: 2 KENNETH O. EIKENBERRY Attorney General 3 4 JONATHON A. GURISH 5 Assistant Attorney General WSBA No. 20992 6 Attorneys for Respondent Department of Natural Resources 7 8 Approved as to Form and Notice of Presentation Walved: 9 SIERRA CLUB LEGAL DEFENSE FUND 10 11 12 TODD D. TRUE WSBA No. 12864 13 Attorneys for Appellant Pilchuck Audubon Society 14 15 KENNETH O. EIKENBERRY Attorney General 16 17 KATHRYN L. GERLA 18 Assistant Attorney General WSBA No. 17498 19 Attorneys for Respondent Department of Ecology 20 KENNETH O. EIKENBERRY 21 Attorney General 22 23 24 (PATRICIA HICKEY Mssistant Attorney Geněral 25 WSBA No. 11484 Attorneys for Respondent Forest Practices Board

(206) 753-6200

FINDINGS, CONCLUSION & ORDER - 10

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL Highways Licenses Building PO Box 40100 Olympia WA 98504-0100 (206) 753-6200